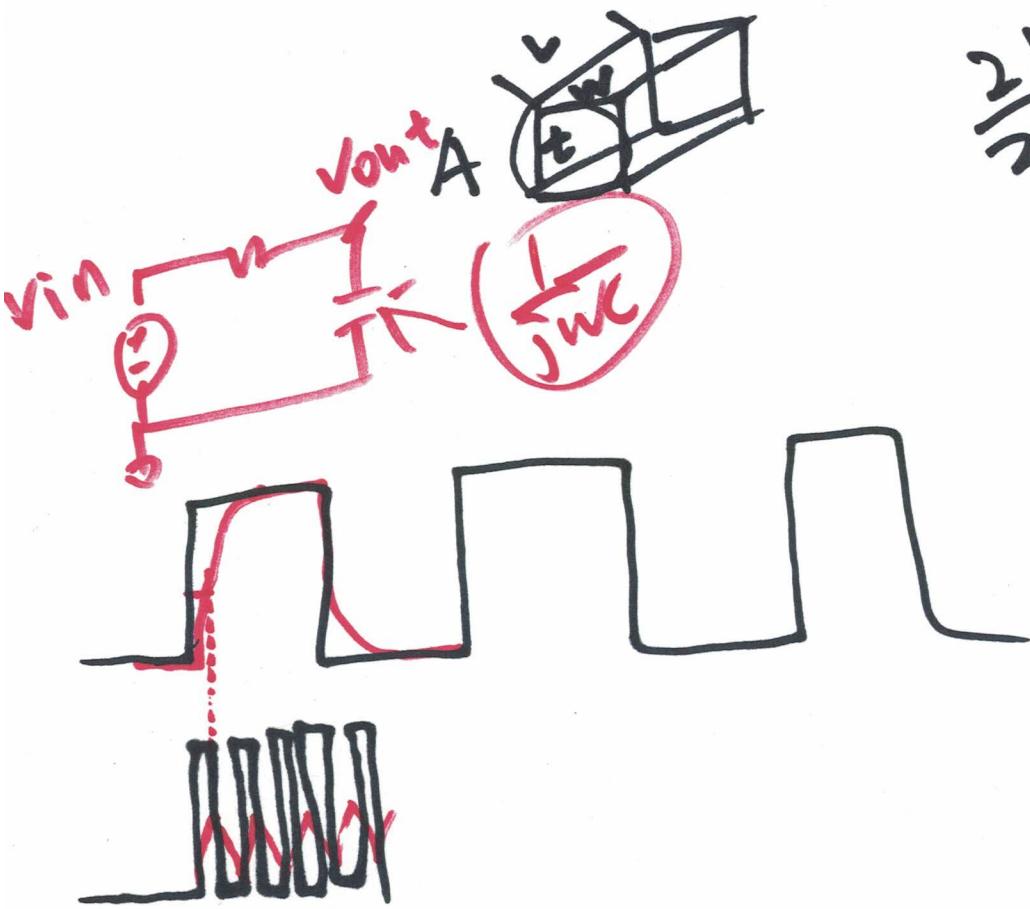
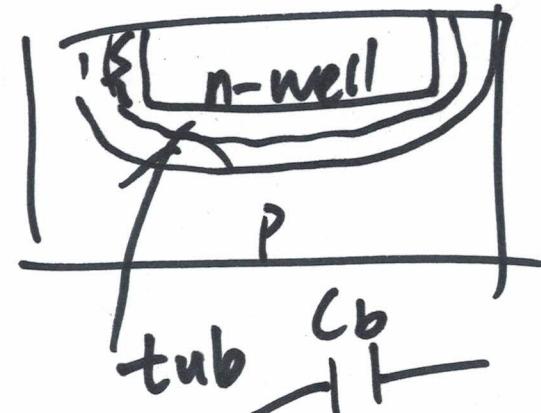


n-well



Rsquare

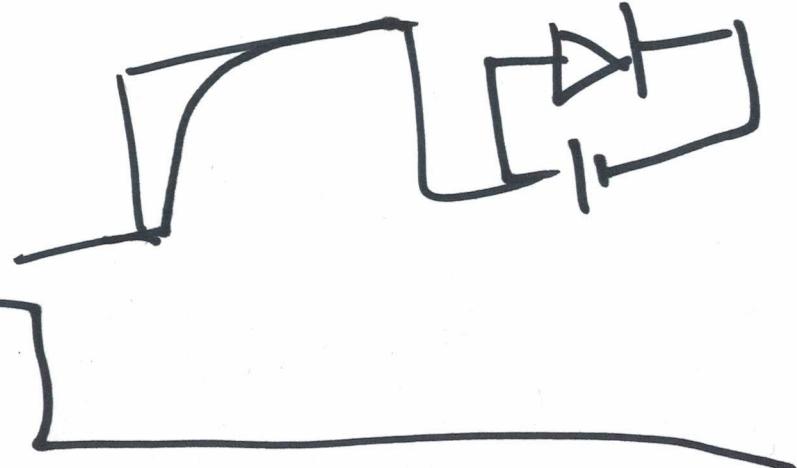
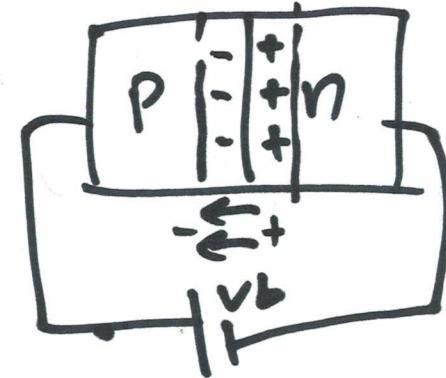
$$R = \rho \frac{L}{A} = \rho \frac{L}{t \cdot W}$$



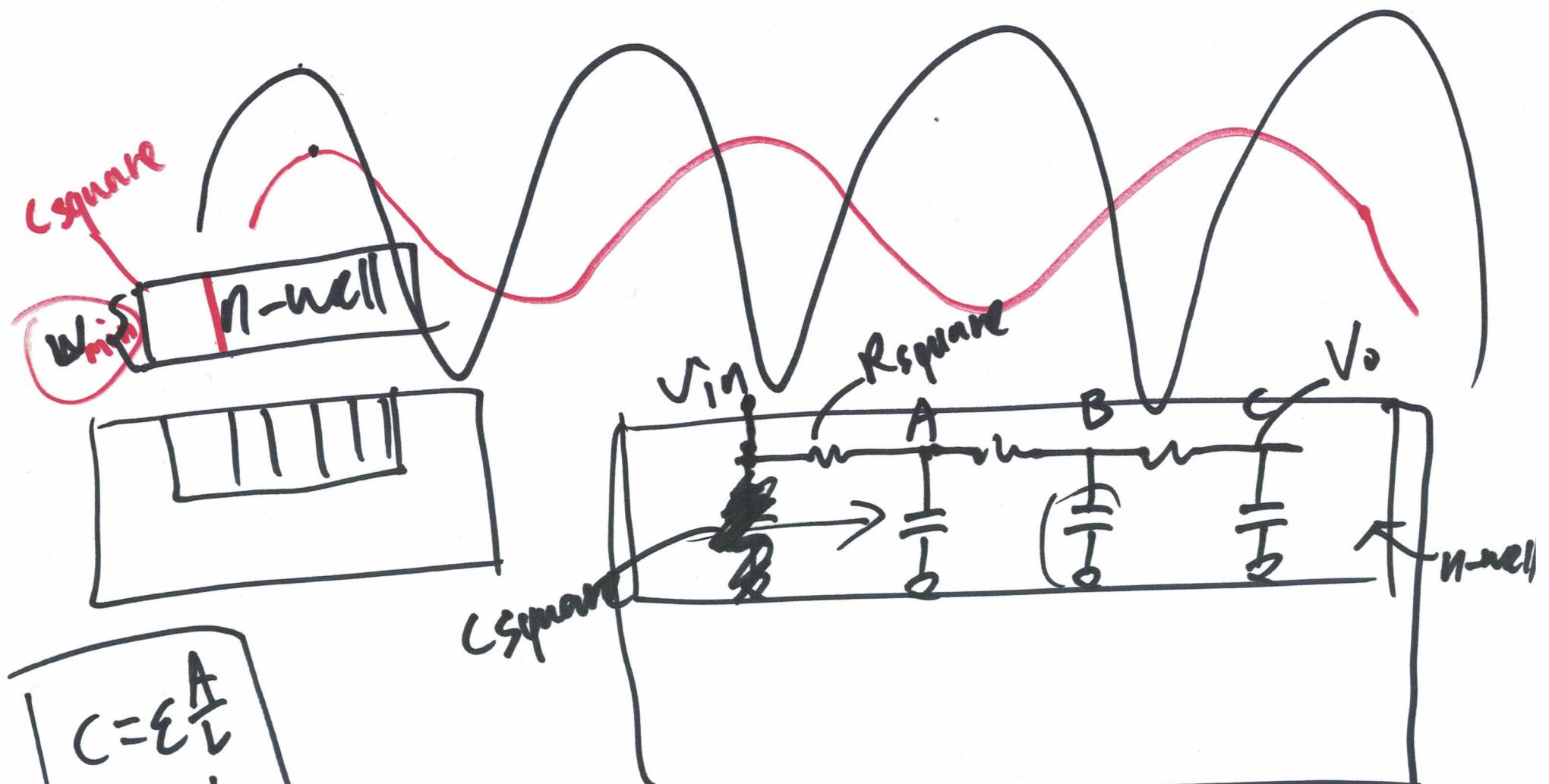
$$\frac{2V}{2W}$$

$$C = \epsilon \cdot \frac{A}{d}$$

$A \uparrow$ $C \uparrow$
 $d \uparrow$ $C \downarrow$



①



$$C = \epsilon \frac{A}{L}$$

$$R = \rho \frac{L}{A}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} t_{dA} = 0.7 R \cdot C \\ t_{dB} = 0.7 \underline{2} \cdot R \cdot C \\ t_{dC} = 0.7 \underline{3} \cdot R \cdot C \end{array} \right.$$

② $T_d = t_{dA} + t_{dB} + t_{dC}$

L squares. T_d ?

$$T_d = 0.7 R_{square} \left(\text{square} \left(\frac{1+2+3+\dots+l}{l(l+1)} \right) \right)$$
$$= 0.7 R_{square} \left(\text{square} \frac{\frac{l(l+1)}{2}}{2} \right) \quad l \approx l + l$$
$$= 0.7 R_{square} \left(\text{square} \frac{\frac{l^2}{2}}{2} \right) = \boxed{0.35 \cdot l^2 \cdot R_{square}}$$

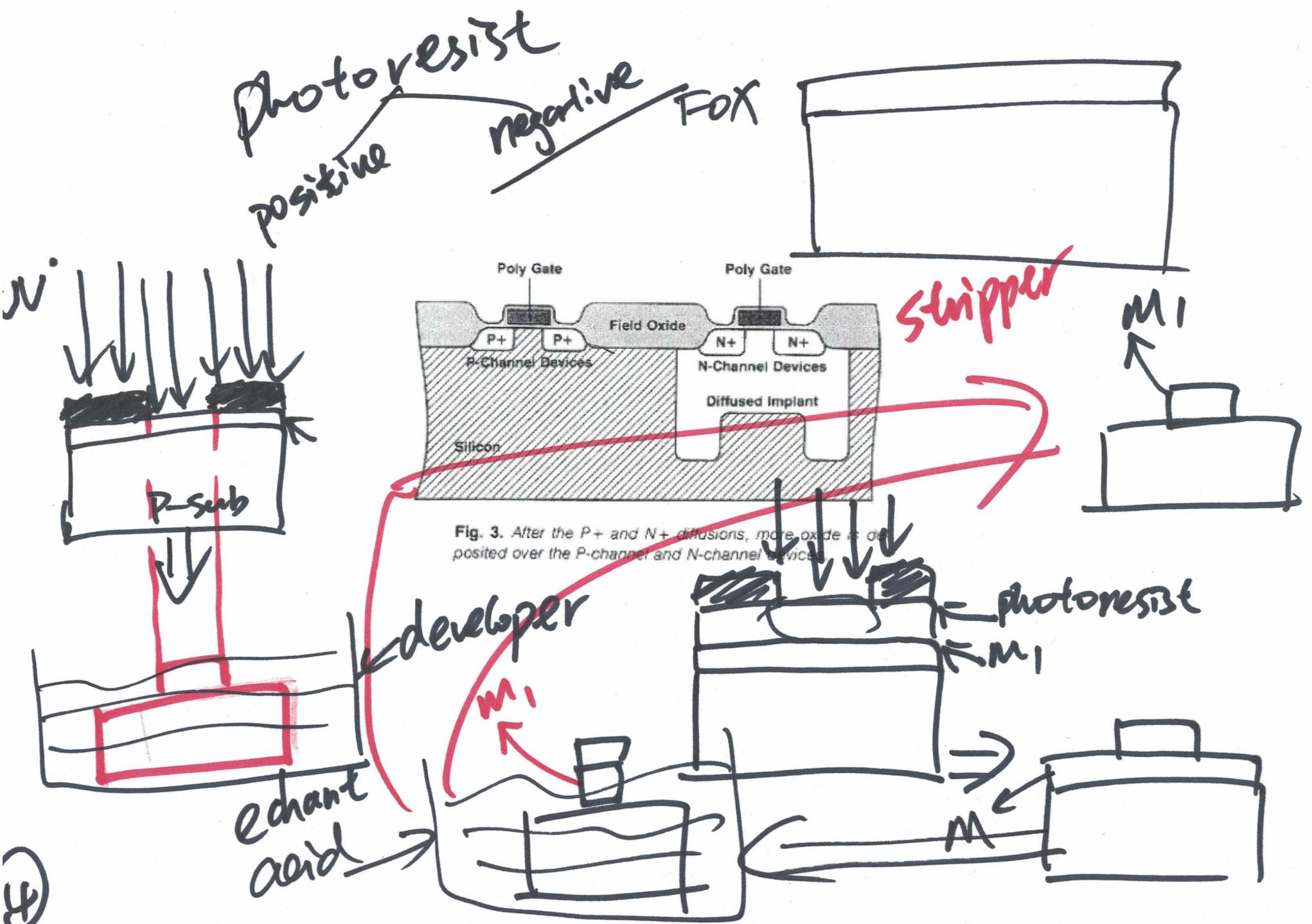
Example: Estimate the time delay through a $250\text{ k}\Omega$ n-well resistor. $W=10$, $L=500$, Assume the cap of a 10 by 10 square is 5 fF.

$$l = \frac{500}{10} = 50 \quad R_{square} = \frac{250\text{ k}}{50} = 5\text{ k}\Omega$$

$$C_{square} = 5 \text{ fF}$$

what if 5 by 5 is 5 fF $C_{square} = 20 \text{ fF}$

③  $C = \epsilon \frac{A}{d}$



C5 layers

